# MANAGEMENT & MITIGATION

# Cyanobacteria bloom management & mitigation using hydrogen peroxide

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## PROJECT SUMMARY





- Interaction between hydrogen peroxide (HP) & cyanobacteria
- Natural abundance of HP.
- Comparison of chemical & biological HP dynamics.

#### Early detection & treatment of harmful algal blooms using HP

- One-year high-resolution monitoring
- Algal treatments using HP & amino acid L-lysine(Two mesocosms & two field applications).



- Biology, ecology, & genomics of cyanobacteria
- Nova Southeastern Univ, USGS.
- Isolation & identification
- Toxicity tests
- Genomic study
- Culture deposit to the culture collection (UNC)

## MAJOR TAKEAWAYS

#### **NSF findings**

• Florida freshwater had the **highest HP** concentration in the world.

#### FDEP

- 1<sup>st</sup> mesocosm: Complete elimination of *Microcystis* in the first mesocosm experiment (HP conc. = 449 mg/L, 0.04%, 13 mM).
- 2<sup>nd</sup> mesocosm: L-lysine has a great potential to selectively control Microcystis (the second mesocosm & synergetic effect).
- Field applications (16.7 mg/L & 200.4 mg/L) were safe.
- All HP induced the **succession** of phytoplankton communities.
- HP treatment **did not induce** the gene expression of microcystin.
- Gene expression patterns showed *Microcystis* was **stressed out** by HP.
- HP increased the **extracellular microcystin** but it did not last long.

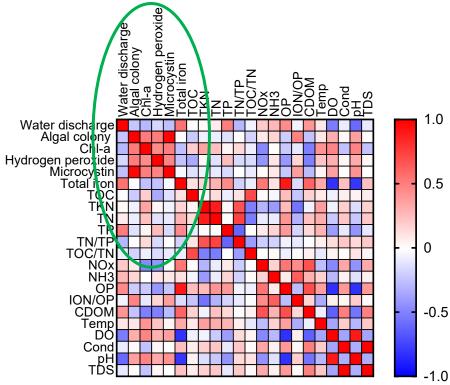




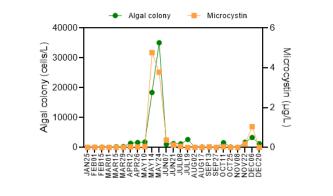


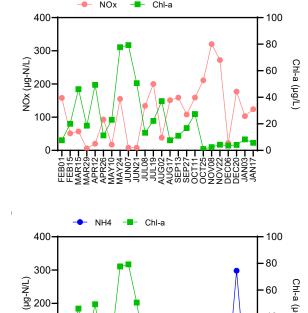
## ADDITIONAL RELEVANT INFO FROM ONE-YEAR MONITORING

- **Correlation** between algal colony counts, HP, Chl-a, & microcystin.
- **Counting algal colonies** in the water column can be the easiest and cheapest prediction of *Microcystis* blooms.
- At the Franklin Lock & Dam (S-79), N shaped the phytoplankton community and was provided by watershed. P was provided from sediment. It is mainly released through low oxygen & low pH conditions.









LH3

(µg/L

## RESEARCH PRIORITIES & OUR RESPONSES

#### The research priorities identified in 2019 & our responses

- Determine the relative importance (quantitative measures) of different nutrient inputs (1)nitrate (2) ammonia (3) P from sediment
- Determine if your management practice will actually achieve the goal of reducing blooms in Lake Okeechobee I do not think it works in LO but works in waterways.
- Develop blue-green algae control methods Yes
- Evaluate and weigh engineering approaches versus ecological approaches (the ecological approach was better)
- Evaluate what hydrological conditions can impact management and future management options (should be extremely shallow)
- Determine a strategy for effective messaging to the public regarding expectations, timelines, and costs (HP treatment is not an instant approach)

## NEW DATA GAPS

### **Combat against HAB**

# For a better understanding of the strategy of the treatment methods

- Timing
- Concentration
- The size of the water body
- Application methods (surface or mixing)
- The presence and the absence of flows
- Frequency of the use of HP
- More field tests & scientific validation are strongly recommended.

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS & PUBLICATIONS

- Funding agencies (FDEP, USACE, NSF)
- **Students** (FGCU, USF)
- Water managers (USACE, Lee County)
- **Collaborators** (FGCU, Nova Southeastern University, USGS, Sanibel-Captiva Conservation Foundation, UNC-Wilmington)
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