DRIVERS OF BLOOM INITIATION & TERMINATION

Characterization of *Microcystis* sp. blooms in Lake Okeechobee and its downstream estuaries

Malcolm McFarland

Assistant Research Professor

Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute

Florida Atlantic University



PROJECTS SUMMARY

HALO – *Microcystis* cell concentrations from flow cytometry, distributions, **dead/live cells**, **metabolic rates** (FDA), and photophysiology

IRLNEP – Phytoplankton composition and abundance in the IRL and **SLE** (including HAB species)

<u>CCHH</u> – Toxin dynamics, microbial **metagenomics**, and trophic transfer in the IRL and SLE

NASA-WR – *Microcystis* and microcystin distributions and modeling in LO, CRE, SLE, and Kissimmee basin

FDOH & CDC – Human exposure to aerosolized microcystin (Gordon & Schaefer)

MAJOR TAKEAWAYS



HALO

- Most dead *Microcystis* cells in early bloom stages (rapid recycling?)
- *Microcystis* metabolic rates peak in late bloom stages
- Almost no colonies in sediments

MAJOR TAKEAWAYS





St. Lucie Inlet

oicocvanobacteria

synechococcus

picoeukaryotes

Aicrocvstis'

mL⁻¹

cells



IRLNEP, NASA-WR, CCHH

- No major SLE *Microcystis* blooms without LO discharge
- Microbial community composition important to bloom dynamics
- Microcystis aeruginosa vs. panniformis?
- CyanoHAB toxins are entering the food web

RESEARCH PRIORITIES

RELEVANT RESEARCH PRIORITIES IDENTIFIED IN 2019:

- Understand the factors that contribute to initiation, persistence, severity, and decline of blue-green HABs
- Evaluate past and current hydrology and the effects of freshwater releases on blue-green algae in Lake Okeechobee the St. Lucie Estuary
- Understand the movement of toxins into the environment, including air
- Determine how to adequately measure bloom initiation
- Evaluate the role of viruses and viral interactions
- Assess food web ramifications and develop better ecological models

NEW DATA GAPS

- **HAB species** who are we actually dealing with?
- HAB physiology may help explain bloom persistence
- Microbial associations including heterotrophic bacteria and microzooplankton grazers
- HAB monitoring improve resolution in space and time with autonomous observations to understand dynamics
- **Modeling and forecasting** incorporate growth rates, mortality, nutrient recycling, and vertical migration; consider ML/AI based approaches

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

- Stephanie Schreiber
- Nicole Stockley
- Jessica Carney
- Zack Wistort
- Jordon Beckler
- Mingshun Jiang
- Chuanmin Hu
- Rachel Brewton
- Brian Lapointe
- Jacki Palau

- Rene Miller-Xavier
- Aditya Nayak
- Amy Wright
- Esther Guzman
- Shirley Gordon
- Adam Schaefer
- Dennis Hanisak
- Kristen Davis
- Tim Moore

HARBOR BRANCH OCEANOGRAPHIC INSTITUTE

FOUNDATION



